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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/763,355	02/21/2001	Paulus De Lange	BASE-102	BASE-102 4679	
32954	7590 11/02/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
JAMES C. LYDON 100 DAINGERFIELD ROAD			TRAN	TRAN, LEN	
SUITE 100	ERFIELD ROAD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ALEXANDI	ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314				
	•		DATE MAILED: 11/02/2006	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)
		09/763,355	DE LANGE ET AL.
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
		Len Tran	1725
 Period for	The MAILING DATE of this communication app Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
WHICH - Extensi after Si - If NO po - Failure Any rep	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY EVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA ons of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 K (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. eriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period veriod for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, by received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	l.  lety filed  the mailing date of this communication.  O (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
2a)⊠ T 3)□ S	tesponsive to communication(s) filed on <u>18 Ja</u> his action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This ince this application is in condition for allowar losed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Dispositio	n of Claims		
5) ☐ C 6) ☑ C 7) ☐ C 8) ☐ C Application 9) ☐ TI 10) ☐ TI	laim(s) 1-3,5,14,15 and 17 is/are pending in to a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw laim(s) is/are allowed.  laim(s) 1-3,5,14,15 and 17 is/are rejected.  laim(s) is/are objected to.  laim(s) are subject to restriction and/or are specification is objected to by the Examine the drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the eplacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine oath of the	vn from consideration.  r election requirement.  r.  epted or b) □ objected to by the B drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority un	der 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12)	cknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  All b) Some * c) None of:  Certified copies of the priority documents  Copies of the priority documents  Copies of the certified copies of the priority  application from the International Bureau  the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
2)  Notice of 3)  Informa	) of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) tion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) o(s)/Mail Date	· 4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal P 6)  Other:	te

Art Unit: 1725

### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1, 5, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Foster (US 4,740,551).

Foster disclose a method for activating olefin polymerization catalyst which contain transition metal, titanium as an active component wherein the steps comprising introducing gas in the lower section containing a layer of catalyst, forming a fluidized bed, treating the catalyst in the fluidized bed by activation treatment. The reactor is tapered downward. There is no distribution plate (figures and col. 5, lines 3-24 and col. 7, lines 52-62, col. 8, lines 21-39).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 09/763,355 Page 3

Art Unit: 1725

4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claims 2 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gross et al ('671) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Wasserman et al (US 5,674,795).

Gross et al disclose the claimed invention above, but fails to teach a cyclone. However, Wasserman et al disclose a cyclone for separation. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time applicant's invention was made to provide a cyclone as taught by Wasserman et al, in Gross et al to assist removal of the product.

## Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 14 and 15 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

## Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed 1/18/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

As to page 2, last paragraph, applicant argues that Foster fails to teach the method for activating catalysts. In addition, applicant argues that Foster teaches deactivating rather than activating. Examiner respectfully disagrees. As to column 5, lines 2-10, Foster discloses olefin polymerization catalysts are prepared by combining solid component comprising at least magnesium, with an activating compound. Therefore, Foster teaches activation, not deactivation.

As to page 3, 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph, applicant argues that Foster's second and third stage have a distribution plate. Examiner agrees. However, the first stage does not have a distribution plate. Applicant's claimed invention does not overcome Foster's method.

As to page 4, 4<sup>th</sup> paragraph, in response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, Gross et al disclose the claimed invention above, but fails to teach a cyclone. However, Wasserman et al disclose a cyclone for separation. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time applicant's

invention was made to provide a cyclone as taught by Wasserman et al, in Gross et al to assist removal of the product.

### Conclusion

4. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Len Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-1184. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:30 - 5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Patrick Ryan can be reached on 571-272-1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 1725

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Len Tran
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1725

October 30, 2006